





SID Lecture Series 2011-2012: 'The State in a Globalizing World: Problematic, yet Indispensable'

Ummu Salma Bava

Jawaharlal Nehru University

'Regional Cooperation: The Case of Europe'

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Regional Cooperation: the Case of Europe

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What is Europe?

Europe is

- an idea
- geography
- a geo-political and economic entities
- many countries
- a new post-modern construct
- an emerging security actor,
- Europe = European Union









EU as an Actor

- EU has emerged through its various developments to become a composite actor and is imbued with all the attributes of an actor in international politics
- Increasing influence
- For the WTO Director-General, the example of Europe teaches that strong leadership, legitimacy and coherence are needed for political effectiveness.





Regional Cooperation and Integration

- Europe showcases cooperation and Integration
- Shift in post war politics and power equations
- The quest for new politics
- The interplay of history, politics and economics leads to a turning point in history
- 1952- ECSC
- 1957- Treaty of Rome foundations of an evercloser union among the peoples of Europe







From Rome to Lisbon...

Treaty of Rome called for ...pooling their resources to preserve and strengthen peace and liberty, and calling upon the other peoples of Europe who share their ideal to join in their efforts,

- This call resulted in the growth of the community at two levels
- Widening and Deepening







Widening

2007

Bulgaria

Romania

6th



> Enlargement of European Community /Union,

1957 - 2007

1957 1973 Belgium Britain Denmark France Germany Ireland Italy Luxembourg **Netherlands**

1981 1986 1995 Original 6 1st Round 2nd Round 3rd Round 4th Round 5th Round Portugal Austria Greece Spain Finland

2004 Cyprus Czech Rep Sweden Estonia Hungary Lithuania Latvia Malta Poland Slovakia Slovenia









Deepening

Process of Integration

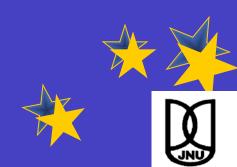
- 1952 European Coal and Steel Community
- 1957 Treaty of Rome
- 1987 Single European Act
- 1992 Treaty on European Union
- 1997 Treaty of Amsterdam
- 1999- Introduction of Euro-€
- 2000 Treaty of Nice
- 2002- Euro comes into circulation
- 2004 Convention on Constitution
- 2007- Treaty of Lisbon
- 2009- Lisbon Treaty comes into force



The EU as an Actor

EU "may not be a superpower, but it is certainly a global power in the sense that its actions - and indeed its very existence- have come to have a significant effect far beyond its borders, both by default and intention"

(Piening, 1997:196)

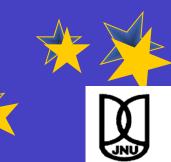




EU Consolidation

What did the Treaty of Rome envision:

- Peace
- Stability
- Prosperity
- cooperation
 Economic and political





Post War Europe

 The shift from borders to people – identity as legally constructed to identities of people

From state to human security – sovereignty to welfare

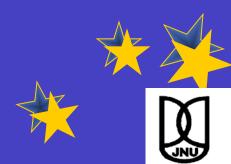
 Dividends of cooperation – stability, mobility, visibility, economic growth and enhanced actorness



Integration vs Nationalisation

 Does the mix of history, politics, economics and culture create the perfect recipe for regional cooperation?

 What does it mean to be the object of envy and spotlight of despair?





Globalisation and State

Impact of Globalisation

Consolidation

Fragmentation

Multiple agencies

Interdependence





Europe at Crossroads

Scope and intensity of cooperation has increased Balancing interest

Multiple processes

Different Capability and capacity



Clashes as Greeks protest over bailout deal





Simela Pantzartzi/EPA







Fragmentation...

- Has the structure become weak?
- Consensus based politics
- How far is too far...









Hard landing for Europe

Challenge

- EU- created a norm convergence within critical to its identity
- The post-crisis despair and chill in political relations
- New power / interest equations





Suspended hope?

The Way Forward

New coalition building

Finding the consensus



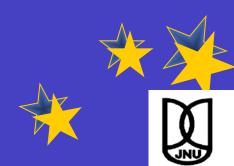






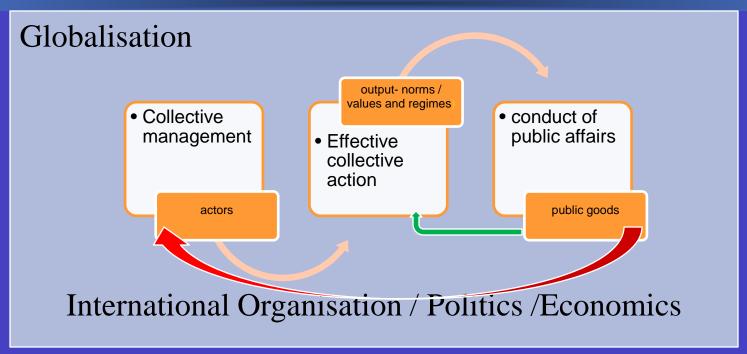
EU / State and Governance

- Crisis and the resurgence of State
- Growing Interdependence and the provision of common goods (differentiated)
- Addressed with the framework of EU multi-level governence





EU/ States and Multi-level Governance



Challenge:

Creating perfect or all encompassing response systems when dealing with unpredictability

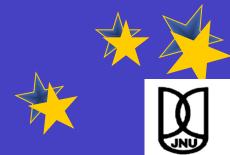


Challenges to EU in Multi-Level Governance

- Create an effective system which will also have to address sustainability at multiple levels- political, economic and social.
- Shaping a new global agenda requires policies, mechanisms and instruments that transcend the currently prevalent multiple and fragmented approach to development and governance.
- The biggest challenge for Europe will be in maintaining shared value preferences in the quest for cooperation in multi-level governance.



Thank You









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UPCOMING EVENTS

Tomorrow (Tuesday 14 February 2012), 17:00-19:00

Lecture by Jan Kregel 'Six Lessons from the Euro Crisis' ISS - The Hague

Monday 12 March 2012, 18:15-19:45

SID Lecture by René Cuperus 'All Politics is Domestic Politics!?' **VU University**

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